

Defense Technical Information Center (DTIC)



Automated Metadata Extraction Project

Presented at the FDLP Conference,
Washington DC, Oct. 24, 2006

by
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DTIC Mission

DTIC is the central scientific, research, and engineering information support activity for the Director of Defense Research and Engineering under the Office of the Secretary of Defense in executing the programs and functions of the DoD Scientific and Technical Information Program



Who We Are

Did you know that DTIC:

- Is older than the U.S. Department of Defense
- Developed one of the world's first online bibliographic databases
- Fielded its first Web site in 1994, and currently supports more than 100 sites for the Department of Defense and military services



What We Do

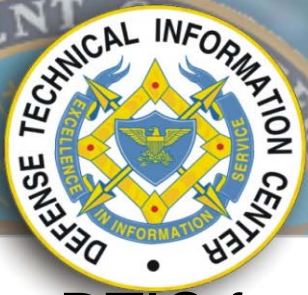
- Leverage the multi-billion dollar investment in DoD research and engineering
- Prevent unnecessary or redundant research
- Get scientific and technical information into the hands of the “right” people in the defense community
- Enable the conversion of completed research into the production of mature technology



DTIC Functions

- Single point of access for Defense Acquisition, Scientific and Technical Information (STI)
- Centralized collection and secondary dissemination of STI
- Control access to information products and services
- Balance the scientific community's need for open access to information against DoD's need for limitations on access
- Manage the DoD/DTIC Information Analysis Centers
- Host Web sites for major components of DoD
- Focal point for OSD policy relating to STI

Metadata Extraction- Overview



- DTIC funded the software development effort with Old Dominion University (ODU) Digital Library Research Group in FY 04
- What is Automatic Extraction of Metadata?
 - Software that can identify and extract metadata such as Title, Personal Author, Corporate Author, Report Date, Distribution Limitations, Abstract, from an electronic document with minimal or no human intervention for the citation creation
- Benefits:
 - Citation creation is a labor- intensive process
 - Automating that process reduces operating cost
- NASA joined DTIC on this effort in FY 06



Motivation

- Metadata enhances the value of a document collection
 - Using metadata helps resource discovery
 - Save about **\$8,200 per employee** for a company to use metadata in its intranet to reduce employee time for searching, verifying and organizing the files (estimation made by Mike Doane on DCMI 2003 workshop)
- Manual metadata extraction is costly and time-consuming
 - It would take about 60 employee-years to create metadata for one million documents (estimation made by Lou Rosenfeld on DCMI 2003 workshop).
 - Automatic extraction tools are essential to reduce cost in metadata creation as well as for rapid dissemination of content
 - OCR is not sufficient for making “legacy” documents searchable



Various Methods for Metadata Extraction

- ODU evaluated different methods to extract metadata from DTIC documents
- Machine Learning Approach
 - Support Vector Machines (SVM)
 - Hidden Markov Model (HMM)
- Template Approach - Rule-based approach
 - Using rules to specify how to extract metadata



Methods Comparison

- Machine-Learning Approach
 - Good adaptability, but it has to be trained from samples – very time consuming
 - Performance degrades with increasing heterogeneity
 - Difficult to add new fields to be extracted
 - Difficult to select the right features for training
- Template Approach - Rule-based
 - No need for training from samples
 - Can extract different metadata from different documents
 - Rules can be written by non-technical people

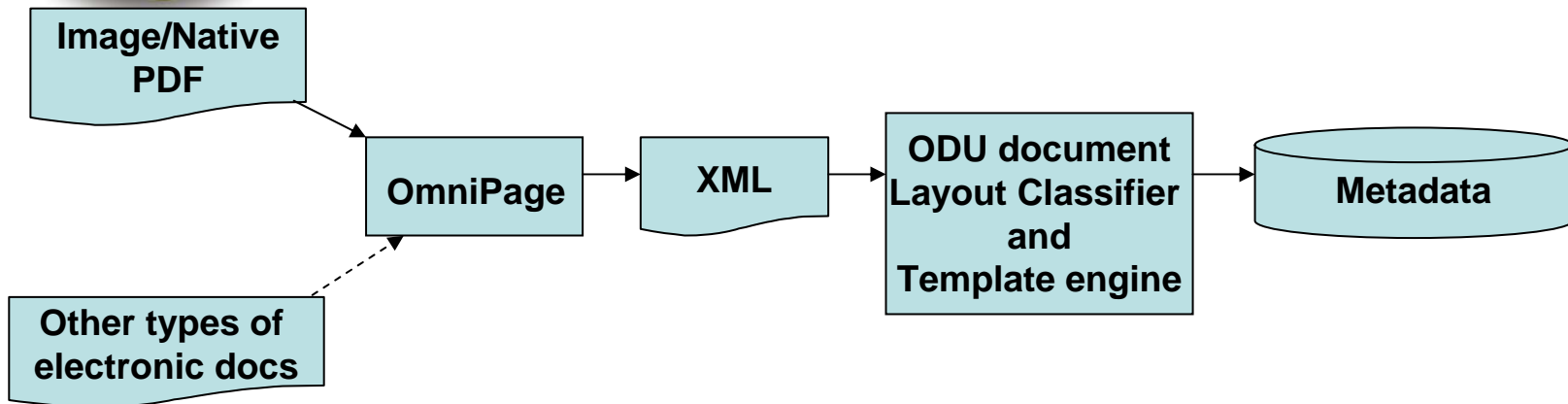


Template Approach

- Template is an XML file describing documents with similar layout
- Uses rules to define how to extract metadata for that layout
- Documents grouped into classes based on the layout, and Template developed for each class
 - Separate Template for documents with RDP (Report Documentation Page)
- Automatic Switching Software is being developed
 - No need for manually grouping documents



Metadata Extraction Process



Step 1-- Convert electronic documents into XML format using OmniPage

For PDF images files and Native PDF documents, OmniPage OCRs then converts into XML

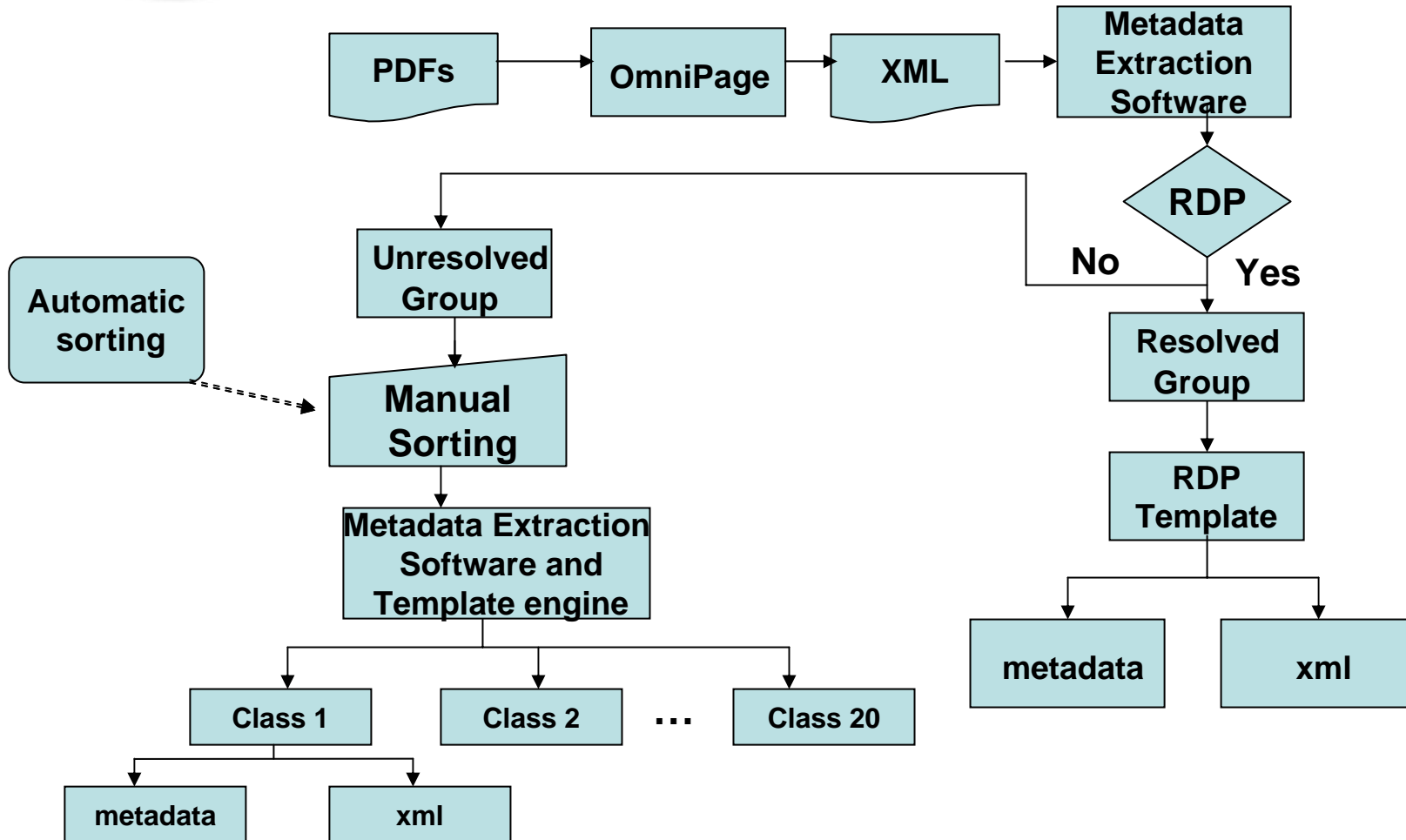
OmniPage converts other types of electronic documents into XML

Step 2: Layout is recognized and grouped to select template

Step 3: Metadata is extracted from XML files using Templates



Metadata Extraction Prototype



REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE			Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188		
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1. REPORT DATE 7 January 2005		2. REPORT TYPE Report of Test Results		3. DATES COVERED 15-22 November 2003	
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			5b. GRANT NUMBER		
			5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER		
			5d. PROJECT NUMBER		
6. AUTHOR(S) Brandon L. Jones			5e. TASK NUMBER		
6. AUTHOR(S)			5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER		
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) Naval Air Warfare Center Aircraft Division 22347 Cedar Point Road, Unit #6 Patuxent River, Maryland 20670-1161			8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER NAWCADPAX/RTR-2004/9		
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) Naval Air Systems Command (PMA-251) 47123 Buse Road Unit IPT Patuxent River, Maryland 20670-1547			10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S) PMA 251 (ALRE)		
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AFRL-IF-RS-TR-2002-54
Final Technical Report
March 2002



MICROFLUIDIC OPERATIONS AND NETWORK ARCHITECTURE CHARACTERIZATIONS (MONARCH) PROJECT

Duke University

Sponsored by
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency
DARPA Order No. J406

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
ONE HUNDRED EIGHTH CONGRESS

SECOND SESSION

OCTOBER 6, 2004

Serial No. 108-151

Printed for the use of the Committee on International Relations



Available via the World Wide Web: http://www.house.gov/international_relations

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MAY 26, 2005.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of
the Union and ordered to be printed

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Ways and Means,
submitted the following

ADVERSE REPORT

together with

ADDITIONAL VIEWS

[To accompany H.J. Res. 27]

[Including cost estimate of the Congressional Budget Office]

The Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 27) withdrawing the approval of the United States from the Agreement establishing the World Trade Organization, having considered the same, reports unfavorably thereon without amendment and recommends that the joint resolution do not pass.

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Sample GPO Document – With Technical Report Document Page

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Technical Report Documentation Page

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4. Title and Subtitle INSPECTION DEVELOPMENT FOR TITANIUM BILLET—ENGINE TITANIUM CONSORTIUM PHASE II	5. Report Date September 2005	6. Performing Organization Code
7. Author(s) Mike Keller ¹ , Thadd Patton ¹ , Andrei Degtyar ² , Jeff Umbach ³ , Waled Hassan ³ , Andy Kinney ³ , Ron Roberts ⁴ , Frank Margetan ⁴ , and Lisa Brasche ⁴	8. Performing Organization Report No.	10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)
9. Performing Organization Name and Address ¹ General Electric Company Cincinnati, Ohio 45215 ² Honeywell Engines, Systems & Services Phoenix, AZ ³ Pratt & Whitney East Hartford, CT ⁴ Iowa State University Ames, IA	11. Contract or Grant No. DTFA0398FIA029	12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Aviation Administration Office of Aviation Research Washington, DC 20591
13. Sponsoring Agency Code ANE-110	14. Sponsoring Agency Code ANE-110	15. Type of Report and Period Covered Final Report
16. Abstract The FAA William J. Hughes Technical Center Technical Monitors were Rick Micklos and Cu Nguyen. The Engine Titanium Consortium (ETC) is comprised of Iowa State University; General Electric; Honeywell Engines, Systems & Services; and Pratt & Whitney. The ETC Phase I program began in 1993 with a focus on improved inspection of titanium billet used in the production of jet engines. The Phase I program completed in 1998 included the development and evaluation of two zoned approaches to billet inspection, namely, multizone and phased array inspections. The Phase II program began in 1999 and focused on further sensitivity improvements to titanium billet using the multizone approach. The goal of the Phase II effort was to achieve a #1 flat-bottom hole sensitivity for 10" diameter billet and assess the impact of attenuation compensation procedures. This report documents the results for 5", 10", and 14" diameter billets using calibration standards in a laboratory setting.		
17. Key Words Titanium billet, Ultrasonic inspection, Probability of detection		18. Distribution Statement This document is available to the public through the National Technical Information Service (NTIS) Springfield, Virginia 22161.
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Benefits-Metadata Extraction

- Speed up the citation creation process
- Increase consistency in cataloging
- Improve quality in citation creation
- Reduce turn-around time in document processing
- Facilitate higher volume in document processing
- Improve job satisfaction for analysts by eliminating data entry job duties to focus more on intellectual content
- Improve retrieval of documents
- Integrate with EDOC (DTIC input processing system) with minimum effort



Current Status

- Development of the software for documents with RDP was completed and delivered to DTIC in June 06
- Testing of the software in the production environment has been completed and is in the process of integrating with DTIC input processing system
 - Benefits: Over 50% documents have RDP, and data entry to create metadata will be eliminated. Acquisition staff might not have to fill out the Web submission form.
- On-going:
 - Development of the software for documents that do not have RDP
 - Also switching software that automatically selects Template for each document type
- Future:
 - Develop “knowledge” base to improve the quality of the metadata output